	TOPIC TITLE: Changes								
Primary		OBJECTIVES/SKILLS							
	SUBJECT	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6		
Q: Ke		How does a caterpillar l	pecome a butterfly?	How many different types of animals are there?		Do all animals that hatch from eggs look the same?			
Managing distraction, questioning, revising,	PSHE	WALT: identify members of my family and know that there are lots of different types of families. Jigsaw- Relationships (Families)	WALT: identify what being a good friend means to me. Jigsaw- Relationships (Making Friends)	WALT: know appropriate ways of physical ways to greet my friends and know which ones I prefer. Jigsaw- Relationships (Greetings)	WALT: know who can help me in my school community. Jigsaw- Relationships (People Who Help Us)	WALT: recognise my qualities as a person and a friend. Jigsaw- Relationships (Being My Own Best Friend)	WALT: say why I appreciate someone who is special to me. Jigsaw- Relationships (Celebrating My Special Relationships		
	Science	walt: talk about changes. Life cycles-caterpillars. Intro our baby caterpillars. Look at how they will change.	walt: make observations of animals and discuss why some things occur. Observe caterpillars and how they have changed so far. Intro life cycles of birds and frogs.	WALT: compare and describe common animals. Discuss our favourite animals. Produce class graph using software. Children describe their favourite and justify their choice.	WALT: To identify, name and group animals into fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. Intro classification. Children then sort animals into correct groups.	WALT: identify nocturnal and diurnal animals. Discuss owls and other animals that are nocturnal. Look at features that help them at night.	walt: identify animals that are carnivores, herbivore and omnivores. Intro the three terms Children sort animals on a Venn diagram.		
Chosen BLP: I collaboration.	History	See Summer 2							

Geography	WALT: talk about the features of our own immediate environment. Walk around school (link to sciencenature.) Children to talk about what they have seen and produce map of school.	walt: know about similarities and differences in relation to places. Look at a school in a different part of the world, e.g. Africa (BBC Bitesize clip.) How is it the same/different?	WALT: locate countries on a map (UK) Children to discuss each of the four countries that make up the UK. Identify on a map.	WALT: use Google Maps. Children use Google Maps to find the four countries that make up the UK.	walt: ask and answer geographical questions. Look at aerial view of UK and use as a prompt for questions, e.g. which of the four countries has the largest coast?	images and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic physical features. Look at our surrounding area on Google Maps and ordinance survey maps. Refer to local landmarks. Annotate with the correct symbols.
Art D&T	WALT: understand features of Pop Art and create artwork using paint and paper (Andy Warhol.)Look at examples of Pop Art, particularly the work of Andy Warhol. Research using child-friendly websites.		WALT: understand features of Pop Art and create artwork using felt tip pens (Roy Lichtenstein.) Create own Pop Art pictures using bright and vibrant colours.		WALT: understand and create 3D art Create 3D pop art using decoupage technique.	
Music Co mp uti	See Art/DT.	See Geography. WALT: explore pulse and rhythm. Music Express (Feel the Pulse- Move Yourself.)	See Science.	See Geography. WALT: explore pulse and rhythm. Music Express (Feel the Pulse- Follow Me.)	See Geography and RE.	See Geography and RE. WALT: explore pulse and rhythm. Music Express (Feel the Pulse- Beat and Rhythm.)

RE	WALT: find out about the gurdwara and the Guru Granth Sahib. Intro using PowerPoint and photographs. Children draw and label a place that is special to them.	walt: understand why the 5Ks are special to Sikhs. Show artefacts to represent each of the 5Ks. Invite pupils to share their experiences. Children label a body outline with 5Ks.	WALT: understand what the ik onkar and the khanda mean to Sikhs. Discuss symbols, e.g., football emblems, school badges. Intro ik onkar and khanda and meaning behind them. Invent own symbol to show identity.	WALT: understand what the langar is. Every Gurdwara needs a langar. Why? Explore what happens in the langar: anyone can eat free meals there. What Sikh values does the langar represent? Ask some pupils to make a lego or playmobil model of a langar and get all pupils to make a figure to sit down in the kitchen together.	WALT: understand why sharing is important to Sikhs. Give two pupils a bag of 'safe in school' sweets. Emphasise that the sweets are theirs to do what they want to with. Ask the rest of the class in small groups to decide what should happen to the sweets. What advice would a Sikh give about the sweets. Talk about why the guru might say that sharing equally is the best thing to do.	WALT: talk about and identify parts of the Gurdwara. Virtual tour of the Gurdwara (Holy Cribs on YouTube.) Children write a recount of what they saw.
PE	WALT: use equipment with improving skill and control.	WALT: use equipment with improving skill and control.	WALT: use equipment with improving skill and control.	WALT: work together to play team games.	WALT: work together to play team games.	WALT: work together to play team games.
British Values	Mutual Respect- PSHE (different family types.)	Democracy- PSHE (being a good friend and being fair.)	Individual Liberty- PSHE (being able to stand up for beliefs and sense of personal space.)	Rule of Law- PSHE (respect for our teachers and need for school rules.)	Mutual respect- PSHE (listening to other people's views about themselves.)	Tolerance- PSHE (knowing we all have different qualities that make us good people.)
S&L Language Development	Talk Boost and Wellcomm Big Book of Ideas. New vocabulary- Family, relationships, family members, mutual respect. Life cycle, caterpillar, egg, cocoon, chrysalis, butterfly. Environment, features, map. Pop Art, internet, search, search bar. Sikh, Sikhism, Guru Granth Sahib, gurdwara.	Talk Boost and Wellcomm Big Book of Ideas. New vocabulary- Change, grow, develop, egg, nest, hatch, chick, frog spawn, tadpole, froglet. Similarity, difference, climate. 5Ks, kesh, kangha, kirpan, kara, kachera. Pulse, rhythm.	Talk Boost and Wellcomm Big Book of Ideas. New vocabulary- Greeting, appropriate, inappropriate, individual liberty. Compare, describe, most popular, least popular, explain. Locate, England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, United Kingdom, Great Britain, Union Jack. Ik onkhar, khanda, symbols, belonging, identity.	Talk Boost and Wellcomm Big Book of Ideas. New vocabulary- Rule of law. Fish, amphibian, reptile, bird, mammal, classification, classify, sort, groups. Google Maps, aerial view. Langar, values.	Talk Boost and Wellcomm Big Book of Ideas. New vocabulary- Personal qualities. Nocturnal, diurnal. Coast Guru Nanak. Decoupage, 3D.	Talk Boost and Wellcomm Big Book of Ideas. New vocabulary- Appreciate, appreciation, tolerance. Herbivores, carnivores, omnivores, diet, Venn diagram. Landmarks. Sequence, structure.

		WALT: Link our own	WALT: ask and	WALT: Predict what	WALT: summarise the	WALT: Make	WALT: Discuss word
		experiences to our	answer questions to	might happen from	main ideas drawn	inferences from the	meanings and link
		reading and using	improve	what has been read so	from text.	text based on what is	new meanings to
		these to help	understanding.	far.	Text- Growing Frogs.	said and done in the	words already known.
gui	<u></u>	understand the text.	Text- Caterpillar to	Text- Beware of the		book.	Text- White Owl, Barn
Reading	ממ	Text- The Very Hungry	Butterfly.	Frog.		Text- Lazy Ozzie.	Owl.
8	7	Caterpillar.					
		Phase 5: ay ou ie ea	Phase 5: oy ir ue ue	Phase 5: aw wh ph ew	Phase 5: ew oe au ey	Phase 5: a-e e-e i-e	Phase 5: o-e u-e
5	<u>S</u>	Phase 4: cvcc words	Phase 4: ccvc words	Phase 4: two-syllable	Phase 4:	Phase 4: consolidation	Phase 4: consolidation
Phonics	2	Phase 3: j v w x	Phase 3: y z zz	words	consolidation	Phase 3: oa oo <i>oo</i> ar	Phase 3: or ur ow oi
۵	7			Phase 3: qu ch sh th	Phase 3: ng ai ee igh		
		WALT: use basic	WALT: use adjectives.	WALT: use	WALT: use plurals and	WALT: add –ed and –	WALT: add –un to a
		accurate punctuation	Outcome- Recount	conjunctions (and,	add –s or -es.	ing to words.	word to change the
<u>6</u>	ച	(capital letter, finger	(our caterpillars.)	but, because.)	Outcome- Explanatory	Outcome- Adventure	meaning.
1 1	<u> </u>	spaces, full stops,		Outcome- Fantasy	text about tadpoles	story.	Outcome- Non-
N N	>	question marks,		story.	and frogs.		chronological report
/4s	SII)	exclamation marks.)					about owls.
English/Writing	<u></u>	Outcome- Story with a					
i i	ū	predictable pattern.					